Studies the source material. The Katedro teacher training classes in North America and Europe provide much of techniques and materials. Actual Esperanto language project was developed to provide Esperanto teachers Esperantica Studies the spring 2006 and will be featured in a future issue of Thomas Cooper for an investigation of the role of In 2005, ESF awarded a $10,000 research grant to Dr. Interlingual Research Grant Awards in early April 2006. The Nitobe Centre was established by ESF following last year’s Nitobe Symposium. The Centre is profiled on page 17 of this newsletter and is due to commence operations his appointment as Dean of Humanities at the University Fraser University (Burnaby, BC, Canada). To join the list, write to admin@esperantic.org.

INTERLINGUAL RESEARCH Nitobe Symposium ESF sponsored the 4th Nitobe Symposium in Vilnius, Lithuania in July 2005. This Symposium, profiled in Issue 17 of Esperantic Studies, explores the linguistic dimensions of European integration and globalization. Nitobe Centre For Language Democracy The Nitobe Centre was established by ESF following last years Nitobe Symposium. The Centre is profiled on page 17 of this newsletter and is due to commence operations in early April 2006. Interlingual Research Grant Awards In 2005, ESF awarded a $10,000 research grant to Dr. Thomas Cooper for an investigation of the role of translation in the incorporation of non-Euro transnational literary concurrences in the linguistically diverse region of Central Europe. Dr. Cooper’s research will commence in the spring 2006 and will be featured in a future issue of Esperantic Studies.

INTERLINGUISTICS Certificate Program ESF continued to provide scholarship support in 2005 for students enrolled in the Interlinguistics certificate program at Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, Poland. Awards come from Russia, Germany, Lithuania, France and Iran.

Interlinguistics Research Network In order to provide a forum for researchers on interlingual communication, Esperanto studies, and related topics, ESF has established an electronic mailing list, esf-researchcommunity@esfca, hosted by Simon Fraser University (Burnaby, BC, Canada). To join the list, write to admin@esperantic.org.

OPERATIONS Expansion of the ESF Board The past year was also marked by the departure of one director and the addition of two new board members. Dr. Timothy Reagan resigned as an active director following his appointment as Dean of Humanities at the University of Westmeath in South Africa. He continues to remain an active member of ESF’s Advisory Board. In the year, ESF directors elected Dr. Bonnie Fonseca-Greber and Mr. Wallace Du Temple to the Board. Dr. Fonseca-Greber is a professor of foreign language education at Bowling Green State University in Bowling Green, Ohio. Mr. Du Temple is a long-time Esperanto, educator and former municipal councilor near Victoria, British Columbia, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and nonprofit management to the ESF Board. ESF also elected Dr. Probol Dasgupta, a well-known linguist, translator, and cultural critic at the University of Hyderabad, India, to its Advisory Board.

Incorporated in Washington, DC, USA
Mailing Address:
PO Box 2304
Washington, DC 20013
E: info@esperantic.org
Contact us via email at Executive Director position
Board of Directors Humphrey Tsekin
University of Hartford
Grand Coral
UC San Diego
Ian Richardson
University of British Columbia
Mark Feiler
Simon Fraser University
Bonnie Fonseca-Greber
Bowling Green University
Wallace Du Temple

Our website is interested in receiving information about interesting websites, new books, articles, courses or other media pertaining to Esperanto and related studies. Send us your latest discoveries.

All contributions and reactions to the newsletter are welcomed at newsletter@esperantic.com

Previous editions of Esperantic Studies are now available online at www.esf.org

To request additional free print copies, write to admin@esperantic.org

North American Summer Esperanto Institute / Nord-Amerika Somera Kursaro
3 Week Immersion Program: July 3 – July 21, 2006
School for International Training (SIT), Brattleboro, Vermont, USA

www.esperanto.org/naksi
www.sit.edu/esperanto

© Esperantic Studies Foundation, 2006

Establishing A World Where Universal Interactivity Is The Norm An Introduction To Utilika Foundation

Utilika Foundation (http://utilika.org) is a non-profit research center whose mission and research agenda is to help make the notion of universal interactivity a reality. Universal Interactivity stems from a seemingly age-old aspiration to devise a means for people in diverse language groups to communicate with one another seamlessly and efficiently. The founders of Utilika Foundation embrace this ideal, but do so in a distinctly modern way. On their foundation website, they sketch out the following portrait of universal interactivity:

Imagine that any two or more persons on Earth, across all boundaries, might converse, work, and play together at will, and that intelligent machines might understand and creatively organize to serve aspirations expressed by human beings. These were once absurd ideas, but are now becoming serious plans. We aim to contribute to the planning by helping to advance the philosophy, science, and technology of communication and collaboration among diverse human and artificial agents.

Dr. Jonathan Pool is the founder of Utilika Foundation.

The Nitobe Centre combines multilingual web technology with a European-wide network of volunteers to facilitate shared ideas, information, and initiatives on a wide range of issues relating to language diversity and communication. As far as is possible, given limited resources, the Centre tries to provide a model of effective interlingual collaboration. Contributions in all European languages, official or not, are encouraged, and are made available to users of other languages through translation. Many international activities are planned and coordinated through the neutral language Esperanto.

The Centre as a whole does not support or advance any particular policy message, but it is committed to open and informed discussion, exploration, and advocacy of alternatives to present practice on the part of its members.

Initial funding for the development of the Centre was provided by the Esperantic Studies Foundation, a private research foundation based in the United States.

The Nitobe Centre website was launched in April, 2006.

$10,000 RESEARCH GRANTS AVAILABLE... Learn more on page 2
The past year marked the first full year of operations by the Esperantic Studies Foundation (ESF) under a new mission and operating plan. The Foundation was able to initiate a variety of projects and provide funding support to others that were deemed to meet the Foundation’s strategic priorities. Established in 2004, these priorities focus on (1) improving the visibility and prestige of Esperanto as a research topic and teaching subject, (2) focusing attention and academic resources on the study of universal interactivity, (3) establishing an intellectual community of teachers and researchers in higher education committed to the above goals, and (4) improving and expanding the operational capacity of the foundation itself. Operating within this framework, ESF was able to achieve tangible progress towards many of its goals during the year. The Foundation provided support to a number of innovative teaching and language learning initiatives, both web-based and face-to-face. A $10,000 research grant was awarded to a post-doctoral researcher at Columbia University. As a result of the grants, the Foundation supported the development of a significant new language policy initiative in the European Union. Priorities for 2006 include the further expansion of ESF’s research activities, including at least one conference where Advisory Board members, Collegial Research Grant holders, and other interested parties can meet to review the state of interlingual research and identify potential new initiatives and collaborations. The National Center for Language Literacy will endeavor to continue full operation, providing a base for innovative language policy research collaboration in the European Union and elsewhere. ESF will continue to support the development of its major web-based educational projects, and also begin a redesign of its own website to better communicate its goals, achievements, and current activities. The North American Summer Esperanto Institute (NASK) will be given new direction and focus, possibly linked to a change in venue. Institutional partners will be sought for many of these activities. The Foundation will also be developing a long-term fundraising and investment plan to further the expansion of its work.

The Esperantic Studies Foundation has set an ambitious agenda for itself in 2006 and we look forward to maintaining the focus and momentum established in 2005. PROJECTS & ACTIVITIES EDUCATION (www.lernu.net) The free, web-based, language-learning environment known continued to receive support in 2005. ESF funds were used to develop and multimedia learning content as well as upgrade the website architecture to accommodate consistent year-to-year increases in website traffic. Site traffic has been growing at such a pace that the site’s bandwidth limitations were exceeded at several points throughout the year.

(lernu.net) The teaching support site “edukado” received support in 2005 to help with the continued expansion of its teaching materials as well as the development of universal interactivity: Utilika Foundation con’t utilikafoundation.org con’t of universal interactivity in addition to technological considerations. In fact, one of the Foundation’s chief research interests, at present, is to develop software solutions for obstacles to human-human, human-machine, and machine-mediated communication and collaboration arising from the diversity and limitations of language. More specifically, the Foundation seeks to explore strategies that adapt natural languages to achieve ambiguity-controlled and automatically tractable meaning representation and communication in the Semantic Web and other human-machine multi-agent systems.

Utilika Foundation was only recently established in 2004, however, it is already actively pursuing its research agenda and has taken a significant step by helping to establish The Turing Center[http://turing.cs.washington.edu] at the University of Washington in Seattle, Washington. The Turing Center is a multidisciplinary research center that is focused on investigating problems at the crossroads of natural language processing, machine learning, Web search, and the Semantic Web. It receives funding support from a variety of sources including Utilika Foundation, the National Science Foundation, Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA), and the Office of Naval Research as well as Google. Additional information about Utilika Foundation, its mission and research interests, as well as The Turing Center, can be obtained from its website (http://utilika.org).

Human intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilika Foundation has included in its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy

Universal Interactivity: Utilika Foundation con’t technolgy.

Research Grants Available

The Esperantic Studies Foundation offers Intellectual Research Grants of up to $10,000 to support publishable research on issues it considers relevant to its mission. ESF is particularly interested in funding projects which (a) study or apply Esperanto within a broader disciplinary or educational context; (b) improve our understanding of language barriers and inequalities; (c) contribute new ways to overcome them that are both effective and possible.

This program is particularly designed to benefit postdoctoral researchers and junior faculty who are in the process of establishing a research group, although anyone may apply. For more information about the Research Grant Program, please go to http://utilika.org/contribute. concluded on page 3

For more information about the Research Grant Program, please go to http://utilika.org/contribute. concluded on page 3

Interlinguistic Events


Findings, Needs, Best Practices Where: Bologna, Italy Organized by: EUIAC

More information can be found at http://edukado.org Research Grants Available

The Esperantic Studies Foundation offers Intellectual Research Grants of up to $10,000 to support publishable research on issues it considers relevant to its mission. ESF is particularly interested in funding projects which (a) study or apply Esperanto within a broader disciplinary or educational context; (b) improve our understanding of language barriers and inequalities; (c) contribute new ways to overcome them that are both effective and possible.

This program is particularly designed to benefit postdoctoral researchers and junior faculty who are in the process of establishing a research group, although anyone may apply. For more information about the Research Grant Program, please go to http://utilika.org/contribute. concluded on page 3

Interlinguistic Events


Findings, Needs, Best Practices Where: Bologna, Italy Organized by: EUIAC

More information can be found at http://edukado.org

Continued on page 4

Journal Feature:

Language Problems & Language Planning

Language Problems and Language Planning is published in cooperation with the Center for Research and Documentation on World Language Problems. This international multi-lingual journal publishes articles primarily on political, sociological, and economic aspects of languages and language use. The journal also features sections on bibliographical and publication reviews.

Featured Articles in Issue 20(1) • Delhi in linguistic identity in a global world, Paula Ojio • Translation and interpreting research: Traditions, gaps and synergies, Claw Sall芙en • Een wereldwijde. De geschiedenis van het Esperanto. Hrv Jansen

For more information see www.esperanto.or

Language Problems & Language Planning

Language Problems and Language Planning is published in cooperation with the Center for Research and Documentation on World Language Problems. This international multi-lingual journal publishes articles primarily on political, sociological, and economic aspects of languages and language use. The journal also features sections on bibliographical and publication reviews.

Featured Articles in Issue 20(1) • Delhi in linguistic identity in a global world, Paula Ojio • Translation and interpreting research: Traditions, gaps and synergies, Claw Sall芙en • Een wereldwijde. De geschiedenis van het Esperanto. Hrv Jansen

For more information see www.esperanto.or

Language Problems & Language Planning

Language Problems and Language Planning is published in cooperation with the Center for Research and Documentation on World Language Problems. This international multi-lingual journal publishes articles primarily on political, sociological, and economic aspects of languages and language use. The journal also features sections on bibliographical and publication reviews.

Featured Articles in Issue 20(1) • Delhi in linguistic identity in a global world, Paula Ojio • Translation and interpreting research: Traditions, gaps and synergies, Claw Sall芙en • Een wereldwijde. De geschiedenis van het Esperanto. Hrv Jansen

For more information see www.esperanto.or

Language Problems & Language Planning

Language Problems and Language Planning is published in cooperation with the Center for Research and Documentation on World Language Problems. This international multi-lingual journal publishes articles primarily on political, sociological, and economic aspects of languages and language use. The journal also features sections on bibliographical and publication reviews.

Featured Articles in Issue 20(1) • Delhi in linguistic identity in a global world, Paula Ojio • Translation and interpreting research: Traditions, gaps and synergies, Claw Sall芙en • Een wereldwijde. De geschiedenis van het Esperanto. Hrv Jansen

For more information see www.esperanto.or

Language Problems & Language Planning

Language Problems and Language Planning is published in cooperation with the Center for Research and Documentation on World Language Problems. This international multi-lingual journal publishes articles primarily on political, sociological, and economic aspects of languages and language use. The journal also features sections on bibliographical and publication reviews.
Universal Interactivity: Utilica Foundation con’t

Continued on page 3

Human activities are converging in such a way as to make universal interactivity perhaps only a matter of time. For example, hundreds of technology standards initiatives and collaborations. This network seeks to explore the science and philosophy human-centric communication in the Semantic Web and other universal interactivity in addition to technological considerations. In fact, one of the Foundation’s chief research interests, at present, is to develop solutions for obstacles to human-human, human-machine, and machine-mediated human communication and collaboration arising from the diversity and limitations of language. More specifically, the Foundation seeks to explore the science and philosophy human-centric communication in the Semantic Web and other universal interactivity in addition to technological considerations. In fact, one of the Foundation’s chief research interests, at present, is to develop solutions for obstacles to human-human, human-machine, and machine-mediated human communication and collaboration arising from the diversity and limitations of language. More specifically, the Foundation seeks to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy universal interactivity in addition to technological considerations. In fact, one of the Foundation’s chief research interests, at present, is to develop solutions for obstacles to human-human, human-machine, and machine-mediated human communication and collaboration arising from the diversity and limitations of language. More specifically, the Foundation seeks to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included itsMission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included itsMission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Mission a need to explore the science and philosophy consistent, claims, knowledge, presuppositions, concepts, intelligences, and languages make it difficult to define universality as a set of objectives. Thus, those who design systems for universal interactivity are designing systems that will process cooperation, negotiation, competition, and conflict.”

For this reason, Utilica Foundation has included its Miss...
Esperantic Studies Foundation Annual Report 2005 can’t

In 2005, ESF awarded a $10,000 research grant to Dr. Timothy Reagan resigned as an active director following the ESF Board. ESF also elected Dr. Probal Dasgupta, a well-known linguist, translator, and cultural critic at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and non-profit management to the Board. Dr. Fonseca-Greber and Mr. Wallace Du Temple to the ESF Board. ESF also elected Dr. Probal Dasgupta, a well-known linguist, translator, and cultural critic at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and non-profit management to the Board.

In 2005, ESF awarded a $10,000 research grant to Dr. Timothy Reagan resigned as an active director following the ESF Board. ESF also elected Dr. Probal Dasgupta, a well-known linguist, translator, and cultural critic at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and non-profit management to the Board.

The Nitobe Centre for Language Democracy

The Nitobe Centre was established by ESF following last year’s Nitobe Symposium. The Centre is profiled on page 1 of this newsletter and is due to commence operations in early April 2006.

Interlingual Research Grant Awards

In 2005, ESF awarded a $10,000 research grant to Dr. Thomas Cooper for an investigation of the role of translation in the construction and understanding of transnational literary consciousness in the linguistically diverse region of Central Europe. Dr. Cooper’s research will commence in the spring 2006 and will be featured in a future issue of Esperantic Studies.

Interlinguistics Certificate Program

ESF continued to provide scholarship support in 2005 for students enrolled in the Interlinguistics certificate program at Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, Poland. Awards come from Russia, Germany, Lithuania, France and Iran.

Interlingual Research Network

In order to provide a forum for researchers on interlingual communication, Esperanto studies, and related topics, ESF has established an electronic mailing list, es-es-research-list@es-lca, hosted by Simon Fraser University (Burnaby, BC, Canada). To join the list, write to admin@esperantic.org.

OPERATIONS

Expansion of the ESF Board

The past year was also marked by the departure of one director and the addition of two new board members. Dr. Timothy Reagan resigned as an active director following his appointment as Dean of Humanities at the University of Winona in South Africa. However he continues to remain an active member of ESF’s Advisory Board. Later in the year, ESF directors elected Dr. Bonnie Fonseca-Greber and Mr. Wallace Du Temple to the Board. Dr. Fonseca-Greber is a professor of foreign language education at Bowling Green State University in Bowling Green, Ohio. Mr. Du Temple is a long-time Esperantist, educator and former municipal councilor near Victoria, British Columbia, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and non-profit management to the ESF Board. ESF also elected Dr. Prabha Dasgupta, a well-known linguist, translator, and cultural critic at the University of Wisconsin-Madison, who brings considerable experience in fundraising and non-profit management to the Board.

The Nitobe Centre for Language Equality

The Nitobe Centre for Language Equality is a research center whose mission and research agenda is to help make the notion of universal interactivity a reality. Universal Interactivity stems from a seemingly age-old aspiration to devise a means for people in diverse language groups to communicate with one another seamlessly and efficiently. The founders of Utilika Foundation embrace this ideal, but do so in a distinctly modern way. On their foundation website, they sketch out the following portrait of universal interactivity:

"Imagine that any two or more persons on Earth, across all boundaries, might converse, work, and play together at will, and that intelligent machines might understand and creatively organize to serve aspirations expressed by human beings. These were once absurd ideas, but are now becoming serious plans. We aim to contribute to the planning by helping to advance the philosophy, science, and technology of communication and collaboration among diverse human and artificial agents."

Dr. Jonathan Pohl is the founder of Utilika Foundation.

Establishing A World Where Universal Interactivity Is The Norm

An Introduction To Utilika Foundation

The Nitobe Centre combines multilingual web technology with a European-wide network of volunteers to facilitate diverse ideas, innovation, and initiatives on a wide range of issues relating to language diversity and communication. As far as is possible, given limited resources, the Centre tries to provide a model of effective international collaboration. Contributions in all European languages, official or not, are encouraged, and are made available to users of other languages through translation. Many international activities are planned and coordinated through the central language Esperanto.

The Nitobe Centre as a whole does not support or advance any particular policy measure, but is committed to open and informed discussion, exploration, and advocacy of alternatives to present practice on the part of its members.

Initial funding for the development of the Centre was provided by the Esperantic Studies Foundation, a private research foundation based in the United States.

The Nitobe Centre website was launched in April, 2006.

$10,000 RESEARCH GRANTS AVAILABLE... Learn more on page 2